

B.A. Part-II, Political Science (Hons)
Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs) along with the
answers

1. The Parliament of India cannot be regarded as a sovereign body because-

- A. it can legislate only on subjects entrusted to the Centre by the Constitution
- B. it has to operate within the limits prescribed by the Constitution
- C. the Supreme Court can declare laws passed by parliament as unconstitutional if they contravene the provisions of the Constitution
- D. All of the above

Answer-D

2. The members of the Rajya Sabha are elected by-

- A. the people
- B. Lok Sabha
- C. elected members of the legislative assembly
- D. elected members of the legislative council

Answer- C

3. The members of the Panchayat are-

- A. nominated by the district officer
- B. the electorates of the respective territorial constituencies
- C. nominated by local self-government minister of the state
- D. nominated by the block development organization

Answer-B

4. The Parliament of India can make use of the residuary powers-

- A. at all times

- B.** only during national emergency
- C.** during national emergency as well as constitutional emergency as well in a state
- D.** None of the above

Answer-A

5. The members of Lok Sabha hold office for a term of-

- A.** 4 years
- B.** 5 years
- C.** 6 years
- D.** 3 years

Answer: B

6. The number of writs that can be prayed for and issued by the Supreme Court and/or a High Court is-

- A.** 3
- B.** 4
- C.** 5
- D.** 6

Answer: C

7. The minimum age to qualify for election to the Lok Sabha is-

- A.** 25 years
- B.** 21 years
- C.** 18 years
- D.** 35 years

Answer: A

8. The preamble says that the state in India will assure the dignity of the individual. The constitution seeks to achieve this object by guaranteeing-

- A.** equal fundamental rights to each citizen
- B.** the right to adequate means of livelihood to each individual
- C.** just and humane conditions of work to each individual

D. equal wages for equal work to each individual irrespective of sex-
Answer: A

9. The minimum age of the voter in India is-

- A. 15 years
- B. 18 years
- C. 21 years
- D. 25 years

Answer: B

10. The president addresses both the Houses of Parliament assembled together-

- A. during emergency session summoned for the purpose
- B. every session
- C. first session after each general election and the first session of each year
- D. any session

Answer: C

Source:

<https://www.indiabix.com/general-knowledge/indian-politics/>

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